

EU external competences (interactive exercise)

From peace project to geo-political player

EU relations with third countries and their side effects on the UK

Beyond trade



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Beyond trade



TITLE II COMMON COMMERCIAL POLICY

> Article 206 (ex Article 131 TEC)

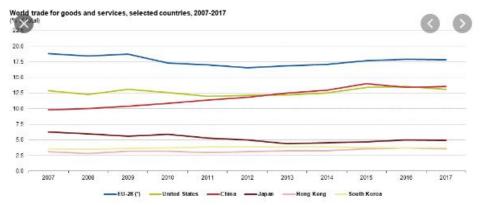
By establishing a customs union in accordance with Articles 28 to 32, the Union shall contribute, in the common interest, to the harmonious development of world trade, the progressive abolition of restrictions on international trade and on foreign direct investment, and the lowering of customs and other barriers.



The common commercial policy shall be based on uniform principles, particularly with regard to changes in tariff rates, the conclusion of tariff and trade agreements relating to trade in goods and services, and the commercial aspects of intellectual property, foreign direct investment, the achievement of uniformity in measures of liberalisation, export policy and measures to protect trade such as those to be taken in the event of dumping or subsidies. The common commercial policy shall be conducted in the context of the principles and objectives of the Union's external

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The EU's share in world trade (pre-2020)



Note: the figure shows developments for the top six countries/geographic aggregates with the highest combined values of experts and imports in 2017. The total value of experts and imports to the world excludes intra-EU hade. United Ayab Emirates not available.

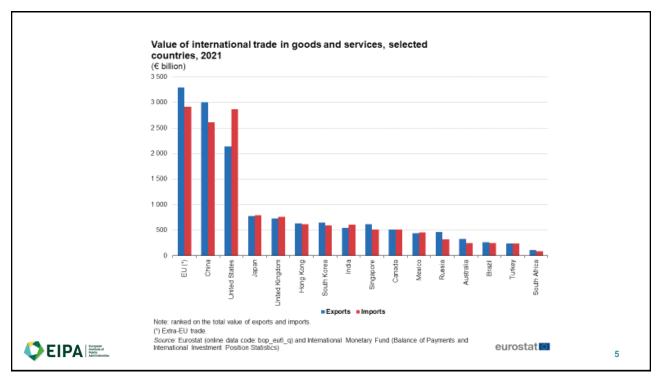
(*) Edit-EU hade.

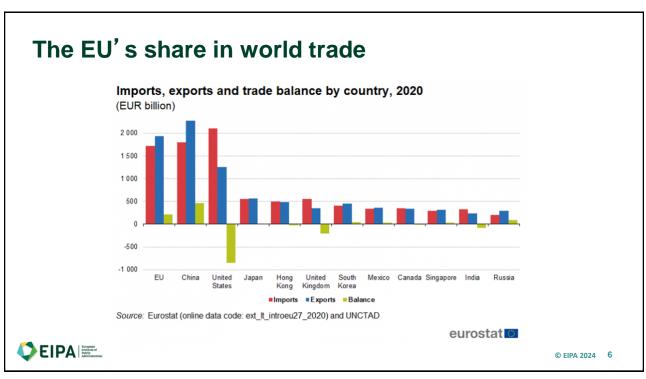
rce: Eurostat (online data code: bop_eu5_q) and international Monetary Fund (Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Statistics)

eurostat 🚳

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Size matters!

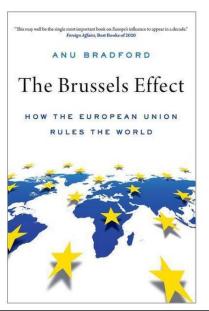




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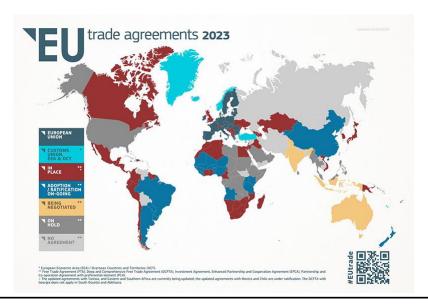
The "Brussels effect"





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Exporting norms (and values?) through Free Trade Agreements?



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EU Free Trade Agreements: what's in them?

- Tariffs / Quotas / Rules of Origin
- Non-Tariff Barriers / Technical Barriers to Trade /"Behind the Border" Issues / Regulatory issues
 - Sanitary and phytosanitary issues
 - Intellectual property (geographical denominations)
 - Public procurement
 - · Investment & Investment protection
 - Competition
 - · Commercial instruments
 - Energy and raw materials
 - · Environment & Labor rights

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TBTs, NTMs, 'behind-the border issues'

- Governments rely on Non-Tariff Measures to achieve public policy goals, including the protection of human health and the environment
- Regulators and law-makers translate collective preferences into binding rules
- Trade is affected is a normal and legitimate consequence of such regulation.

• But NTMs can be used to shield domestic producers from foreign competitors



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Regulatory cooperation in EU FTAs



- undermining democratic processes?
- The "Right to regulate"
- · Actual undermining of legitimate social and environmental objectives?
- Race to the bottom?





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Norm makers and norm takers

Quiz: In which EU agreement can we find these provisions?

A) TCA

B) EU-Ukraine DCFTA

C) EU-China Comprehensive Agreement on Investment (CAI)



7. If the requesting Party, after the consultations have been held, considers that the subsidy concerned has or could have a significant negative effect on the requesting Party's investment interests under this Agreement, the requested Party shall use its best endeavours to find a solution with the requesting Party. Any solution must be considered feasible and acceptable by both Parties.



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Norm makers and norm takers

Quiz: In which EU agreement can we find these provisions?

A) TCA

B) EU-Ukraine DCFTA

C) EU-China Comprehensive Agreement on Investment (CAI)



1. The Parties may engage in regulatory cooperation activities on a voluntary basis, without prejudice to the autonomy of their own decision-making and their respective legal orders. A Party may refuse to engage in or it may withdraw from regulatory cooperation activities. A Party that refuses to engage in or that withdraws from regulatory cooperation activities should explain the reasons for its decision to the other Party.



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Norm makers and norm takers

Quiz: In which EU agreement can we find these provisions?

A) TCA

acquis.

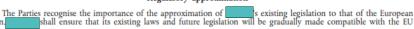
B) EU-Ukraine DCFTA

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Article 114

Regulatory approximation



2. Such approximation will start on the date of signing of this Agreement, and will gradually extend to all the elements of the EU acquis referred to in Annex XVII to this Agreement.

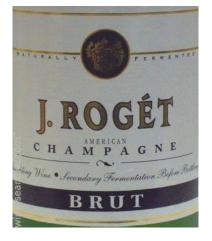


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Norm makers and norm takers Case study: Geographical indications

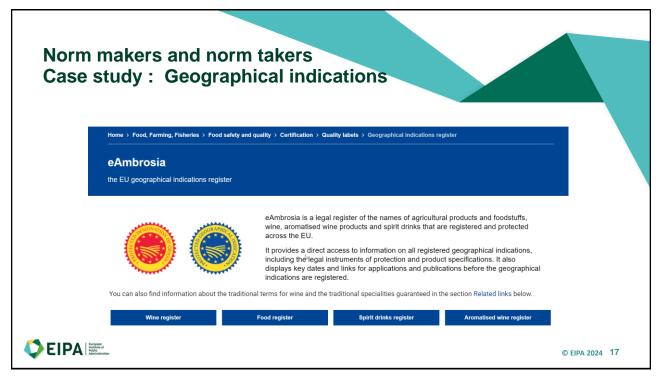


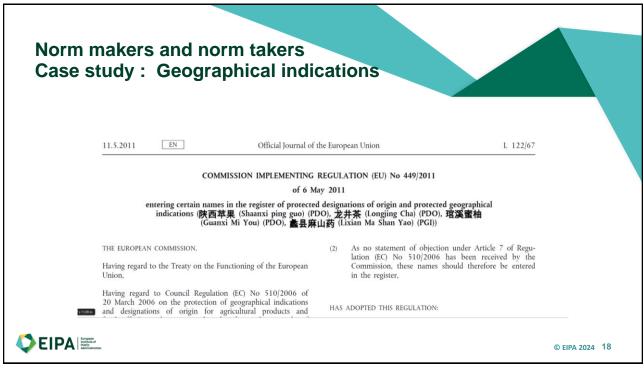




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Norm makers and norm takers Case study: Geographical indications

Geographical Indications Identifying a Product Originating in the European Union

Indication	Transliteration (for information purposes only)	Product Class		Place of Origin (Territory, Region or Locality)				
České pivo		beer		Czech Republic				
Žatecký Chmel		hops		Czech Republic				
Hopfen aus der Hallertau		hops	Germany					
Nürnberger Bratwürste**		fresh, frozen meats	- <u>11</u>	C				
			Spreewälder Gurken Danablu				fresh and processed veg- etable products	Germany
Nürnberger Rostbratwürste							etable products	
							cheeses	Denmark
Schwarzwälder Schinken	fresh, frozen		Ελιά Καλαμάτας		Elia Kala	matas	table and processed olives	Greece
			Μαστίχα Χίο	υ	Masticha	Chiou	natural gums and resins — chewing gum	Greece
EIPA Suropeen Institute of Public Administration			Φέτα*		Feta		cheeses	Greece © EIPA 2024 19

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Halloumi cheese puts EU's Canada trade deal to the test

Cypriot vote against Canada accord will test whether EU countries' parliaments can torpedo big deals.

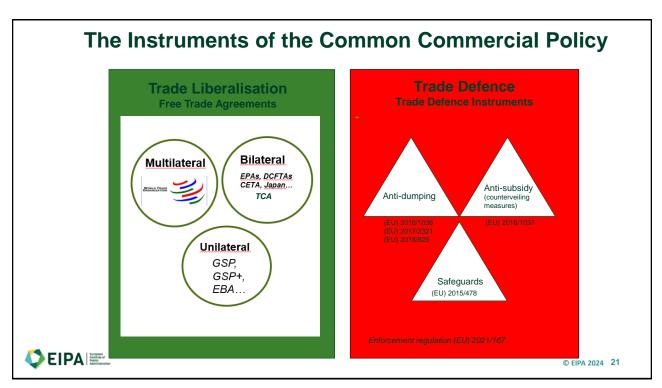


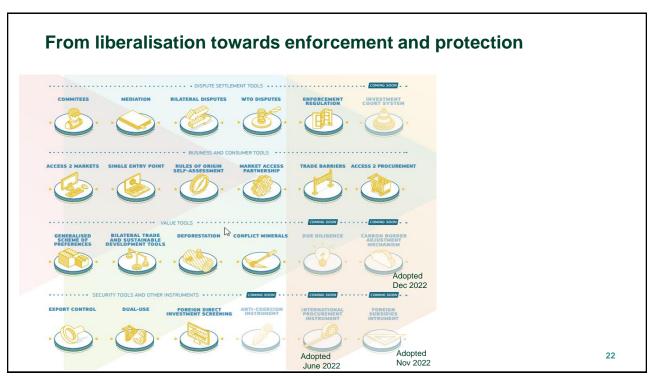


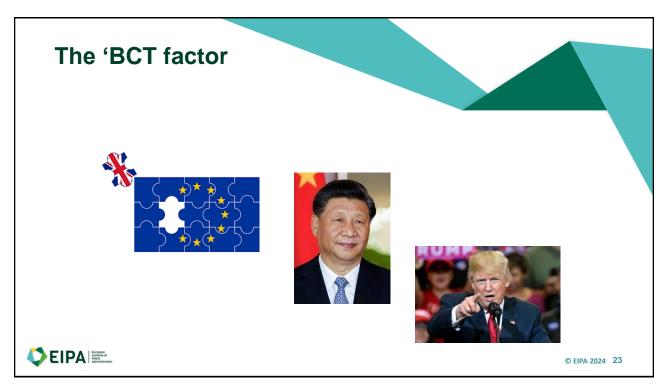
BY BARBARA MOENS, GIORGIO LEALI AND ELEANOR MEARS

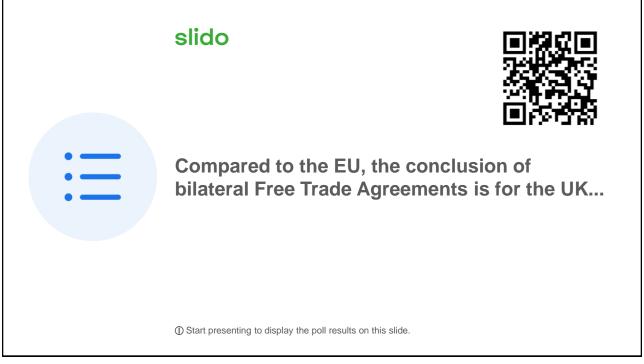
August 4, 2020 | 4:45 p

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What is the biggest advantage the UK has over the EU, when it comes to concluding bilateral Free Trade Agreements with third countries?

① Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.

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and the biggest disadvantage?

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